



# HIV ReConnect

## Increasing retention and re-engagement

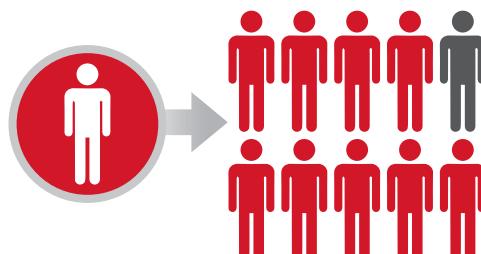
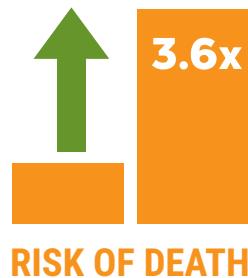
In San Francisco, youth, gay and bi-sexual men of color, transgender women, the marginally housed or homeless, and injection drug users are at the highest risk of falling out of HIV care.

### Viral suppression & retention matters



28% of HIV positive individuals in San Francisco are **not virally suppressed.**<sup>1</sup>

People living with HIV and not in care are linked to over **9 out of 10** of new HIV transmissions.<sup>2</sup>



Missing 2 HIV care appointments within 2 years of diagnosis **increases the risk of death by 3.6 times.**<sup>3</sup>

### HIV Navigation can help

**HIV Navigation is a support service to assist out of care HIV+ clients** with engagement in medical care and treatment. Based on individual needs, navigators help to **identify and reduce barriers to care**, including access to insurance, benefits, and other support services. Navigators usually offer **mobile services in the community** for a limited period of time.



# Providers and Frontline Workers are key to retaining clients in care



## Build client trust

- Provide a human connection—ensure clients know they are cared about.
- Listen to personal beliefs about HIV and health care.
- Connect via phone or in person multiple times during the first few months in care.



## Identify clients who need skill-building and support them with:

- Understanding HIV treatment and the importance of being in care
- ART adherence
- Communicating with medical providers and support teams



## Assess needs and barriers to care

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Mental health &amp; substance use</li><li>• Intimate partner violence</li><li>• Stigma and social isolation</li></ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Housing/shelter</li><li>• Food insecurity</li><li>• Health care coverage and public benefits</li></ul> |
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## Red Flags

### Consider HIV Navigation for clients with:



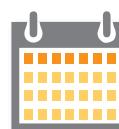
- Inconsistent viral load suppression or not taking ART regularly
- No visits with an HIV medical provider during the past 6-months and/or no appointment scheduled
- Transfers from one system to another (e.g. jail to community; private provider to public clinic)
- History of being out of care since diagnosis
- Changes in their care team (e.g. medical provider, pharmacy, wrap-around support team) or health care coverage

## ReConnect checklist:



### Update client contact information regularly.

Use the contact sheet found at:  
[tinyurl.com/ExpandedContactSheet](http://tinyurl.com/ExpandedContactSheet)



### Document, track, and act on missed visits.

Reach out within 24-hours when clients miss appointments.



### Refer client to a social worker or case manager

to help address barriers to care engagement.

## Talking to clients about HIV Navigation—[tinyURL.com/HIVNavigationOptionsInSF](http://tinyURL.com/HIVNavigationOptionsInSF)

- Assess the client's perception of what it means to be "out of care."
- Assess the client's adherence to ART and engagement in support services.
- Ask "What can we do to make this easier or better for you?"

**REFERENCES:** 1. San Francisco Dept. of Public Health. 2015 HIV Epidemiology Annual Report. Published September 2016. 2. Skarbinski, J. et al (2015). Human Immunodeficiency Virus Transmission at Each Step of the Care Continuum in the United States. *JAMA Intern Med.* 175(4), 588. doi:10.1001/jamainternmed.2014.8180. 3. Mugavero et al. (2014). Beyond Core Indicators of Retention in HIV Care: Missed Clinic Visits Are Independently Associated with All-Cause Mortality. *Clin Infect Dis.* 59(10).

